



Skunks in Perinton

Skunks often move into woodchuck burrows. Common places are under brush piles, sheds, decks, or in and around home foundations.



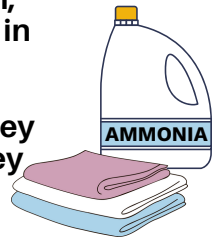
Small, cone-shaped holes in lawns and gardens, indicating digging for grubs.

Skunks Breed During February, and give birth in dens in May.



Skunks are omnivores. They eat anything from plants to small rodents.

If a skunk moves in, place rags soaked in ammonia in the entrance and around the area they are inhabiting. They will move out because of the smell.



Prevention Tips:

Make sure garbage cans have tight-fitting lids to prevent skunks from rummaging.



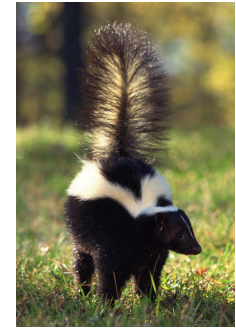
Remove pet food, bird seed, and fallen fruit from your yard.



Perinton Animal Control does not assist in the trapping of skunks. We recommend reaching out to a professional wildlife trapper if you want them trapped and relocated.



Milorganite fertilizer is a deterrent for skunks and many wildlife species. Its organic composition makes many species avoid a property where Milorganite fertilizer is applied.

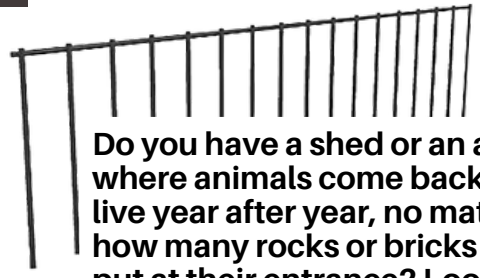


Skunks are nocturnal, mostly active at night. Daytime sightings during summer months are normal; the mother must forage.



Perinton Animal Control
(585) 223-5115
After Hours: (585) 425-7380
www.perinton.org
Contact Us by Email

NYS DEC
Nuisance Wildlife Information



Do you have a shed or an area where animals come back to live year after year, no matter how many rocks or bricks you put at their entrance? Look into a product called Dig Defence.